

10ES32

# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2016

## **Analog Electronic Circuits**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

### PART - A

Explain Reverse recovery time of a semiconductor diode. 1

The Fig. Q1 (b) shows two way clipper. Determine its output wave form. Assume diode drop of 0.7V. (07 Marks)

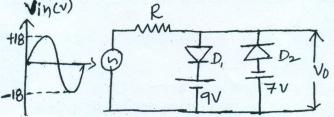


Fig. Q1(b)

- What is clamper circuit? Explain the operation of Positive and Negative clamper circuits and draw the wave form. [Assume Ideal Diode]. (07 Marks)
- What is transistor biasing? Discuss the causes of bias instability in a transistor. 2 (06 Marks)
  - Derive the expression for I<sub>B</sub>, We and S(I<sub>CO</sub>) for voltage divider bias using exact analysis.

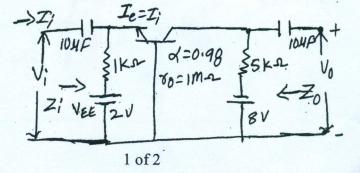
(07 Marks)

For the circuit shown in Fig. Q2(c). Find  $I_B$ ,  $I_C$ ,  $V_{CE}$ ,  $V_C$  and  $V_E$ . Assume  $\beta = 100$ , VBE = 0.7.(07 Marks)

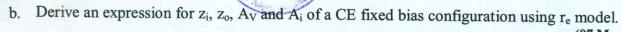
Fig. Q2(c)

For common base configuration shown in Fig Q3(a). Find re, zi, zo and Av.

(06 Marks)



prevealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, w., oe treated as malpractice. sorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank important Note: 1. On completing your answers, con



- c. Using h-parameter model for a transistor in C.E configuration. Derive expressions for  $A_I$ ,  $z_i$  and  $A_v$ . (07 Marks)
- 4 a. An amplifier consists of 3 identical stages in cascade; the bandwidth of overall amplifier extends from 20Hz to 20KHz. Calculate the band width of Individual stage. (06 Marks)
  - b. Describe miller effect and derive an equation for miller input and output capacitance
  - c. Draw and explain frequency response of an amplifier and briefly discuss the effect of various capacitors on frequency response.

    (07 Marks)

#### PART - B

- 5 a. Explain the need of cascade amplifier and list the advantage of this circuit. (06 Marks)
  - b. With block diagram, explain the concept of feedback. List the advantages of negative feedback.

    (07 Marks)
  - c. Derive the expression for input resistance (R<sub>if</sub>) for voltage series feedback amplifier.

#### (07 Marks)

- 6 a. Draw input and output wave forms of Class A, Class B and Class C power amplifiers based on the location of Q point, and briefly discuss. (06 Marks)
  - b. Draw the circuit diagram of series fed directly coupled Class A amplifier. Give the expression for dc power input and a.c power output and show that efficiency is 25%.
  - c. What is Harmonic distortion? Calculate the harmonic distortion components for an output signal having fundamental amplitude of 2.5V second harmonic amplitude of 0.25V, third harmonic amplitude of 0.1 V and fourth harmonic amplitude of 0.05V. Also calculate the total harmonic distortion.

    (07 Marks)
- 7 a. With neat circuit diagram explain the operation of BJT Hartley oscillator. (06 Marks)
  - b. i) The frequency sensitive arms of the wien bridge oscillator uses  $C_1 = C_2 = 0.001 \mu F$  and  $R_1 = 10 k\Omega$  while  $R_2$  is kept variable. The frequency is to be varied from 10KHz to 50KHz by varying  $R_2$ . Find the minimum and maximum values of  $R_2$ .
    - ii) Design the value of an inductor to be used in Colpitts oscillator to generate a frequency of 10MHz. The circuit is used a value of  $C_1 = 100$ pF and  $C_2 = 50$ pF. (07 Marks)
  - c. With neat circuit explain the working of series resonant crystal oscillator. A crystal has L=0.1H, C = 0.01pF find the series resonating frequency. (07 Marks)
- 8 a. Define transconductance g<sub>m</sub> and derive expression for gm. (06 Marks)
  - b. With equivalent model of JFET common drain configuration. Obtain the expression for z<sub>i</sub>, z<sub>o</sub> and A<sub>v</sub>. (07 Marks)
  - c. For common gate amplifier as shown in Fig Q8.(c), gm = 2.8ms,  $r_d = 50$ k $\Omega$  Calculate  $z_i$ ,  $z_o$  and  $A_v$ . (07 Marks)

