Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 Digital Signal Processing

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Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART-A

1 a. Derive the DFT expression from the DTFT expression.

(06 Marks)

b. Compute 5-point DFT of $x(n) = \{1, 1, 1\}$.

(07 Marks)

c. Find IDFT for the sequence, $X(K) = \{5, 0, (1-j), 0, 1, 0, (1+j), 0\}$

(07 Marks)

2 a. State and prove circular time shift and frequency shift property of DFT.

(05 Marks)

b. Determine N-point circular correlation of $x_1(n)$ and $x_2(n)$, given $x_1(n) = \cos \frac{2\pi}{N} n$ and

 $x_2(n) = \sin \frac{2\pi}{N} n$.

(08 Marks)

- c. Compute circular convolution of $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $h(n) = \{1, 2, 2\}$ using time domain approach. (07 Marks)
- Find the output y(n) of a filter whose impulse response $h(n) = \{1, 2\}$ and the input signal to the filter is, $x(n) = \{1, 2, -1, 2, 3, -2, -3, -1, 1, 1, 2, -1\}$ using overlap save method.

(08 Marks)

- b. Find 4-point DFT of two real sequences using a single 4-point DFT, given $g(r) = \{1, 2, 0, 1\}$ and $h(n) = \{2, 2, 1, 1\}$. (08 Marks)
- c. State and prove (i) Symmetry and (ii) Periodicity property of a twiddle factor. (04 Marks)
- 4 a. Develop Radix-2, DITFFT algorithm to compute DFT of a sequence, draw the signal flow graph, for N = 8. (08 Marks)
 - b. Obtain 8-point DFT of a sequence x(n) = (n+1)[u(n)-u(n-8)], using DIF-FFT algorithm, show all the intermediate results. (08 Marks)
 - c. Write a note on Geortzal algorithm.

(04 Marks)

PART - B

5 a. Derive an expression for order and cutoff frequency of a Butterworth low pass filter.

(06 Marks)

- b. Design an analog Chebyshev filter having following specifications:
 - (i) Passband ripple of 3 dB at 500Hz.
 - (ii) Attenuation of 15 dB at 750 Hz.

(10 Marks)

c. Compare Butterworth and Chebyshev filters.

(04 Marks)

6 a. Obtain the cascade and parallel form realization of,

 $H(z) = \frac{8z^3 - 4z^2 + 11z + 2}{\left(z - \frac{1}{4}\right)\left(z^2 - z + \frac{1}{2}\right)}.$

(10 Marks)

- b. A FIR filter is described by Transfer function, $H(z) = 1 + \frac{2}{5}z^{-1} + \frac{3}{4}z^{-2} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-3}$,
 - (i) Draw Lattice structure.
 - (ii) Obtain its difference equation.
 - (iii) Draw Direct form structure.

(10 Marks)

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- Derive an expression for frequency response of a symmetric FIR filter, for N = odd. (08 Marks)
 - Design a LPF with the frequency response, $H_d(j\omega) = \begin{cases} e^{-j2\omega}, & |\omega| < \frac{\pi}{4} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{4} < |\omega| < \pi \end{cases}$ using rectangular window.

using rectangular window. Also find its impulse response and frequency response. (08 Marks) (04 Marks)

Explain the frequency sampling design of FIR filters.

- Derive the expression for the bilinear transformation, to transform an analog filter to digital filter, explain the characteristics of mapping from s-plane to z-plane.
 - Given the analog transfer function, $H(z) = \frac{s+2}{(s+1)(s+3)}$, find H(z) using matched (04 Marks)
 - z-transform. c. Design a digital lowpass filter using Bilinear transformation to satisfy the following characteristics:
 - Monotonic stopband and passband. (i)
 - -3 dB cutoff frequency of 0.5π rad. (ii)
 - Magnitude down atleast 15 dB at 0.75π rad. (iii)

(08 Marks)