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## Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Information Theory and Coding

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

a. Define information content, entropy and information rate.

(03 Marks)

- b. A card is selected at random from a deck of playing cards. If you are told that it is in red colour, how much information is conveyed? How much additional information is needed to completely specify a card? (05 Marks)
- c. Prove the maximal property of entropy.

(08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. A DMS has an alphabet  $X = \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4\}$  with probability statistics  $\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{8}\}$  show that  $H(X^2) = 2.H(x)$ . (06 Marks)
  - b. For the Markov source shown in Fig.Q.2(b). Find state probability, state entropy and source entropy. Also, write tree diagram to generate message of length 2. (10 Marks)

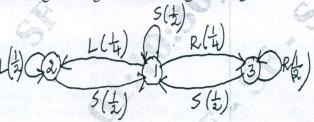


Fig.Q.2(b)

Module-2

- 3 a. Apply Shannon encoding algorithm and generation codes for the set of symbols  $S = \{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6\}$  with probability  $P = \{0.3, 0.25, 0.20, 0.12, 0.08, 0.05\}$ . Find code efficiency and variance. (08 Marks)
  - b. Using Shannon Fano algorithm, encode the following set of symbols and find the P(0) and P(1) {Probability of Zeros and ones}. (05 Marks)

Symbol	a	b	e	d	e	f	g
Р	0.5	0.25	0.125	0.0625	0.03125	0.015625	0.015625

c. Write the decision tree for the following set of codes and check for KMI property:

$S_1$	1
$S_2$	01
$S_3$	001
S <sub>4</sub>	0001
Ss	00001

(03 Marks)

eg, 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written



4 a. A DMS has an alphabet of seven symbols with probability statistics as given below:

$$S = \{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6, s_7\}$$

$$P = \left\{\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{16}, \frac{1}{16}\right\}$$

Compute Huffman code for these set of symbols by moving the combined symbols as high as possible. Explain why the efficiency of the coding is 100%. (08 Marks)

b. Write a note on Lempel - Ziv Algorithm.

(04 Marks)

c. Design compact Huffman code by taking the code alphabet  $X = \{0, 1, 2\}$  for the set of symbols  $S = \{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6\}$ ,  $P = \left\{\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{12}\right\}$ . Find efficiency. (04 Marks)

## Module-3

5 a. The TPM of a channel is given below. Compute H(x), H(y), H(x/y) and H(y/x)

$$P(xy) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.48 & 0.12 \\ 0.08 & 0.32 \end{bmatrix}$$

(05 Marks)

b. A binary symmetric channel has the following noise matrix. Compute mutual information. data transmission rate and channel capacity if  $r_s = 10$  sym/sec

$$P(y/x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 & 3/4 \\ 3/4 & 1/4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

(06 Marks)

c. Derive an expression for the data transmission rate of binary Erasure channel. (05 Marks)

## OR

6 a. An engineer says that he can design a system for transmitting computer output to a line printer operating at a speed of 30 lines/minute over a cabel having bandwidth of 3.5 kHz and

 $\frac{S}{N} = 30 \text{dB}$ . Assume that the printer needs 8 bits of data/character and prints out 80

characters/line. Would you believe the engineer?

(06 Marks)

b. Write a note on differential entropy.

(05 Marks)

c. Consider a binary symmetric channel whose channel matrix is giver by

$$P(y/x) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.2 \\ 0.4 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$
. Find channel capacity.

(05 Marks)

## Module-4

- 7 a. State error detecting and correcting capability of block codes. (02 Marks)
  - b. Consider a linear block code (6, 3). The check bits of this code are derived using the following relations:

$$c_4 = d_1 + d_2$$

$$c_5 = d_1 + d_2 + d_3$$

$$c_6 = d_2 + d_3$$

- i) find generator matrix G
- ii) find all code words of linear block code
- iii) compute error detecting and correcting ability
- iv) also find H and H<sup>1</sup>.

(07 Marks)

- c. For a linear block code, the syndrome is given by:  $S_2 = r_1 + r_2 + r_4 + r_6$  $S_1 = r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_5$
- $S_3 = r_1 + r_3$

- i) Find H matrix
- ii) Draw syndrome calculator circuit iii) Draw encoder circuit.

(07 Marks)

OR

- A (7, 3) Hamming code is generated using  $g(x) = 1 + x + x^2 + x^4$ . Design a suitable encoder 8 to generate systematic cyclic codes. Verify the circuit operation for D = [110]. Also, generate the code using mathematical computation.
  - b. Design a syndrome calculator circuit for (7, 4) cyclic code having the generator polynomial  $g(x) = 1 + x + x^3$ . Verify the circuit operation using R = [1101001]. Also, perform the relevant mathematical computations.

- (05 Marks) Write an explanatory note on BCH codes.
  - Consider the (3, 1, 2) convolutional encoder with  $g^{(1)} = (110) g^{(2)} = (101), g^{(3)} = (111)$ 
    - Find constraint length
    - Find rate efficiency ii)
    - Draw encoder diagram
    - iv) Find the generator matrix
    - Find the code for the message sequence (11101) using matrix and frequency domain V) (11 Marks) approach.

- For (2, 1, 3) convolutional encoder with  $g^{(1)} = (1101)$ ,  $g^{(2)} = (1011)$ .
  - Write state transition table
  - State diagram ii)
  - Draw the code tree iii)

b. Explain Viterbi decoding.

- Draw the trellis diagram iv)
- Find the encoded output for the message (11101) by traversing the code tree.

(10 Marks)

(06 Marks)